## II. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims replaces all prior listings of claims in this application.

1. (Currently amended) A method of forming a gas dielectric structure for a semiconductor structure, the method comprising the steps of:

forming an opening for semiconductor structure in a dielectric layer on a substrate, wherein the opening includes both a wiring opening and a via opening, wherein the via provides a vertical connection to an interconnect line;

of the group consisting of: silicon nitride (Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) and silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>):

after depositing the non-conductive liner, depositing a sacrificial layer over the opening such that the sacrificial layer fails to substantially fill the opening;

performing a directional etch on the sacrificial layer to form a sacrificial layer sidewall on the opening after depositing the sacrificial layer;

depositing a conductive liner over the opening after performing the directional etch;

depositing a metal in the opening after depositing the conductive liner to form a wire and a contact via;

planarizing the metal and the conductive liner after depositing the metal;

removing the sacrificial layer sidewall using a dry etching process, after the metal and the conductive liner are planarized, forming a void, wherein the void extends along a side of the contact via and the wire; and

depositing a cap layer over the void to form the gas dielectric structure.

## 2-3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the forming step includes performing a dual damascene process.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the forming step includes depositing a hard mask, patterning the hard mask and etching the hard mask.
- 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the conductive liner includes at least one of the group consisting of: tantalum (Ta), tantalum nitride (TaN), titanium (Ti), titanium nitride (TiN), tungsten (W) and niobium (Nb).
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the sacrificial layer includes one of the group consisting of: aluminum (Al) and silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>).
- 9-10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently amended) A method of forming a gas dielectric structure for a semiconductor structure, the method comprising the steps of:

performing a dual damascene process to form an opening including both a wiring

opening and a via opening in a dielectric layer on a substrate, wherein the via provides a vertical connection to an interconnect line;

depositing a non-conductive liner, wherein the non-conductive liner includes one of the group consisting of: silicon nitride (Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) and silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>);

after depositing the non-conductive liner, depositing a sacrificial layer over the opening;

performing a directional etch on the sacrificial layer to form a sacrificial layer sidewall wherein the directional etching removes the sacrificial layer only from substantially horizontal surfaces;

depositing a conductive liner over the opening after performing the directional etch;

depositing a metal in the opening after depositing the conductive liner to form a wire and a contact via;

planarizing the metal and the conductive liner after depositing the metal;

removing the sacrificial layer sidewall using a dry etching process, after the metal and the conductive liner are planarized, forming a void, wherein the void extends along a side of the contact via; and

depositing a cap layer over the void to form the gas dielectric structure.

## 12. (Canceled)

13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the forming step includes depositing a hard mask, patterning the hard mask and etching the hard mask.

- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the conductive liner includes at least one of the group consisting of: tantalum (Ta), tantalum nitride (TaN), titanium (Ti), titanium nitride (TiN), tungsten (W) and niobium (Nb).
- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the sacrificial layer includes one of the group consisting of: aluminum (Al) and silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>).
- 17. (Currently amended) A method of forming a gas dielectric structure for a semiconductor structure, the method comprising the steps of:

performing a via-first dual damascene process to form an opening including both a wiring opening and a via opening in a dielectric layer on a substrate, wherein the via provides a vertical connection between to an interconnect line;

of the group consisting of: silicon nitride (Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) and silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>):

after depositing the non-conductive liner, depositing a sacrificial layer over the opening such that the sacrificial layer fails to substantially fill the opening;

performing a directional etch on the sacrificial layer to form a sacrificial layer sidewall, wherein the directional etching removes the sacrificial layer only from substantially horizontal surfaces;

depositing a conductive liner over the opening after performing the directional etch;

depositing a metal in the opening after depositing the conductive liner to form a wire and a contact via;

planarizing the metal and the conductive liner after depositing the metal; removing the sacrificial layer sidewall using a dry etching process, after the metal and conductive liner are planarized, forming a void that extends along a side of the contact via; and

depositing a cap layer over the void to form the gas dielectric structure.

## 18. (Canceled)

- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the conductive liner includes one of the group consisting of: tantalum (Ta), tantalum nitride (TaN), titanium (Ti), titanium nitride (TiN), tungsten (W) and niobium (Nb).
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the sacrificial layer includes one of the group consisting of: aluminum (Al) and silicon dioxide (SiO<sub>2</sub>).